



November 13, 2002

Mr. Charles E. Zech  
City Attorney  
City of New Braunfels  
P.O. Box 311747  
New Braunfels, Texas 78131-1747

OR2002-6468

Dear Mr. Zech:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 171450.

The City of New Braunfels (the "city") received two requests for various information relating to the city. You indicate that you have released some of the requested information to the requestor. You claim, however, that the remainder of the requested information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.103 of the Government Code. We have considered the comments submitted by the requestor. *See* Gov't Code § 552.304 (providing for submission of public comments).

We must first address the city's obligations under section 552.301 of the Government Code. Pursuant to section 552.301(e), a governmental body that receives an open records request for information that it wishes to withhold under one of the exceptions to public disclosure is required to submit to this office within fifteen business days of receiving the request (1) general written comments stating the reasons why the stated exceptions apply that would allow the information to be withheld, (2) a copy of the written request for information, (3) a signed statement or sufficient evidence showing the date the governmental body received the written request, and (4) a copy of the specific information requested or representative samples, labeled to indicate which exceptions apply to which part of the documents. The city failed to submit to this office a copy of the specific information requested. Thus, the city has not complied with section 552.301.

Pursuant to section 552.302 of the Government Code, a governmental body's failure to comply with section 552.301 results in the legal presumption that the requested information is public and must be released unless the governmental body demonstrates a compelling reason to withhold the information from disclosure. *See* Gov't Code § 552.302; *Hancock*

*v. State Bd. Of Ins.*, 797 S.W.2d 379, 381-82 (Tex. App.-Austin 1990, no writ) (governmental body must make compelling demonstration to overcome presumption of openness pursuant to statutory predecessor to Gov't Code § 552.302); Open Records Decision No. 319 (1982). Normally, a compelling interest is that some other source of law makes the information confidential or that third party interests are at stake. Open Records Decision No. 150 at 2 (1977). Section 552.103 is a discretionary exception under the Public Information Act and does not demonstrate a compelling reason to withhold information from the public. *See, e.g.*, Open Records Decision No. 473 at 2 (1987) (failure to meet 10-day deadline waived protections of section 552.103 and 552.111); Open Records Decision No. 665 at 2 n.5 (2000) (discretionary exceptions in general). We accordingly do not address your argument under section 552.103. Moreover, because you have not submitted the specific information requested, we have no basis for finding it otherwise confidential. *See* Open Records Decision No. 363 (1983). Thus, we have no choice but to order this information released, to the extent it exists, per section 552.302 of the Government Code. If you believe any such information is confidential and may not lawfully be released, you must challenge this decision in court as outlined below.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at 877/673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Department of Public Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.--Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at 512/475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,



V.G. Schimmel  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

VGS/sdk

Ref: ID# 171450

Enc: Submitted documents

c: Mr. Michael B. Smithers  
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(w/o enclosures)